TUNCMATIK MODULTECH 30-1560 kVA ONLINE MODULAR UPS



UPS Cabinet Control Panel



Module Control Panel







Why modular UPS

The most pronounced advantage of modular UPSs is the fact that they can exibit higher powers at a smaller space. Maximum available power must be supplied for critical applications such as data centers, where the available space for UPS installation is very limited and costly. Modular UPSs meet this requirement. Modular UPSs also consume less electrical energy due to their high operating efficiencies and hence pay off their initial investment in a short period of time.

Advantages of a modular structure:

- Fast installation
- Fast maintenance with no interruption in operation
- Low maintenance cost
- Low cost of capacity increase
- N+X redundant mode of operation
- Plug-and-play type power modules
- Flexibly scalable UPS cabinet
- Flexibly scalable battery cabinets

Modular systems for increasing capacity and high reliability

- Highly reliable N+X architecture
- kVA=kW, more active power owing to unity output power factor (It is possible to connect more loads to the output of same power rated UPS)
- As your business grows, the capacity can be increased when needed due to its modularity (Possibility of expanding capacity by virtue of horizontal and vertical architecture)
- High efficiency (low electric energy bills)
- Fast and easy service due to modular structure (reduced service and maintenance costs)
- No harmonic related problems on the utility mains due to its low input current THDi value (Increase in overall efficiency of the facility power distribution system)
- Common battery for more than one UPS module

• Wide range of input voltage and input frequency (Compatible with the electrical operating conditions worldwide)

Capacity increase with the growth of your business

Best possible architecture to meet the needs of capacity increase in the future.

For example, 240kVA UPS can be built for a data center by assembling eight 30kVA UPS modules in a ten-rack capable cabinet. There will be two racks unoccupied. When the load increases in the data center, then the capacity of the UPS can be readily increased up to 300kVA just by adding two 30kVA modules in the cabinet without paying an extra installation cost.

High input power factor

Power supplies draw from the mains not only active electrical energy, but also reactive electrical energy. High reactive energy drawn by power supplies increases power losses and hence the electric bills.

PF values close to unity, as is the case with MODULTECH UPS, result in a low reactive power consumption and consequently reduced electric power losses.

Low input current harmonics

It is a measure of how much the input current drawn by UPS from the mains deviates from sinusoidal waveform. THDi stands for Total Harmonic Distortion in current. With a quality UPS equipment, it is expected that this value be low. Currents which are rich in harmonics increase power losses and supply voltage distortions. Other electrical and electronic devices fed from the same distorted voltage bus get reverse affected. MODULTECH UPSs meet the electrical standards with their llow

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Where to use

MODULTECH series UPSs can be used reliably as a power supply of critical loads for which uninterrupted operation is a must.
Data centers • Hospitals • Airports • Factories • Lighting

CE

• Emergency power systems • Smart buildings

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



TUNCMATIK **MODULTECH** 20-1560 kVA ONLINE MODULAR UPS





CAPACITY		300 kVA	520 kVA	
Capacity	UPS cabinet	300 kVA / 300 kW	520 kVA / 520 kW	
(VA/Watts)	Module	30 kVA / 30 kW	40 kVA / 40 kW	
INPUT				
Nominal voltage		380/400/415 VAC, (3Ph+N+PE)		
Voltage range		208-478 VAC		
Frequency range		40 - '	40 - 70 Hz	
Power factor			≥ 0.99	
Bypass voltage range		Max. voltage: 220V +25% (optional +10%, +15%,+20%) 230V 20% (optional +10%, +15%) 240V 15% (optional +10%) Min. voltage -45% (optional -20%, -30%) Frequency protection range: ±10%		
Harmonic distortion (THDi)		2% (100% nonlinear load)		
Generator input		Support		
OUTPUT				
Output voltage		380/400/415 VAC, (3Ph+N+PE)		
Voltage regulation		± 1%		
Power factor		0.9/1 (Customized)		
Output frequency		1. Line mode: ±1%, ±2%, ±4%, ±5%, ±10% / 2. Battery mode: (50/60 ±0.1%) Hz		
Crest factor		3:1		
Harmonic distortion (THDi)		\leq 2% with linear load / \leq 5% with non linear load		
Efficiency		95.5%		
BATTERY				
Battery voltage		± 240VDC; battery quantity (optional)		
Charge Current	UPS cabinet	100A (Max.)	130A (Max.)	
	Module	10A (Max.) (charge current can be set	according to battery capacity installed)	
Backup time		Depends on the capacity of external batteries		
SYSTEM FEA	ATURES			
Transfer time		Utility to battery: 0ms; Utility to bypass: 0ms		
Overload	Line mode	Load ≤110%: last 60min, ≤125%: last 10min, ≤150% last 1min, ≤150% turn to bypass mode immediately		
	Battery mode	Load ≤110%: last 10min, ≤125%: last 1min, ≤150% last 1s, ≤150% shut down UPS immediately		
	Bypass mode	Breaker (10kVA: 20A / 15kVA: 32A / 20kVA: 40A)		
Short circuit		Hold whole system		
Noise suppresion		Complies with EN62040-2		
Communication interface		UPS cabinet: RS232, RS 485, Dry contact, Intelligent slot x 2 (SNMP card, Relay card optional		
ENVIROMEN			-	
Operating temperature		0~40°C		
Storage temperature		-25 ~ 55°C		
Humidity range		0 ~ 95% (non condensing)		
Altitude		< 1500m		
Noise level		< 6	5dB	
DIMENSION				
Dimension D x W x H (mm)	UPS cabinet	600 x 1100 x 2000	860 x 1200 x 2000	
Net weight (kg)	Module		x 131 (3U)	
	UPS cabinet	310	860	
	Module	33	35	
INDICATORS	o & ALARM			
LCD Panel		UPS status, Load level, Battery level, Input/Output voltage, Discharge timer, Fault conditions		
Alarm		Battery mode, Low battery, Overload, Fault		
STANDARTS & CERTIFICATIO				
Security		IEC/EN(2040-1, IEC/EN60950-1		
EMC		IEC/EN62040-2, IEC61000-4-2, IEC61000-4-3, IEC61000-4-4, IEC61000-4-5, IEC61000-4-6, IEC61000-4-8		